

2025



RR No.

2025/01

## CRS RESEARCH REPORT



# VISIBILITY LANDMARK PLOTTER SOFTWARE MODULE FOR AERODROMES

Ashwin Raju D. K.

Theertha Nambiar

Akhilesh Mathwale

Akshay Kumar

Dr. Shijo Zacharia

E-LAB, SURFACE INSTRUMENT DIVISION  
OFFICE OF THE HEAD, CLIMATE RESEARCH SERVICES  
INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT  
SHIVAJINAGAR, PUNE - 411005



**VISIBILITY LANDMARK PLOTTER SOFTWARE  
MODULE FOR AERODROMES**

**By**

**Ashwin Raju D. K., Sc-C**

**Theertha Nambiar, S.A.**

**Akhilesh Mathwale, S.A.**

**Akshay Kumar, S.A.**

**Dr. Shijo Zacharia, Sc-D**

**India Meteorological Department, Pune, India**

**Office of the Head, Climate Research & Services**

**IMD, Pune- 411005**

## **Table of Contents**

Executive Summary	4
Abstract	5
1. Introduction and Purpose	6
2. Description of the Software	6
3. Procedure	6
4. Types of Plots	7
5. Features	7
6. Security	8
7. Web Hosting	8
8. Comparisons / Case Studies	8
9. Advantages	8
10. Conclusion	8
11. References	8

## Executive Summary

1.	Document title	Visibility Landmark Plotter Software Module for Aerodromes
2.	Document type	Research Report
3.	Issue No.	CRS Research Report No-
4.	Issue date	
5.	Security Classification	
6.	Control Status	
7.	No. of Pages	16
8.	No. of Figures	9
9.	No. of Tables	-
10.	No. of reference	1
11.	Annexure	-
12.	Distribution	
13.	Language	English
14.	Authors/ Editors	Ashwin Raju D. K., Theertha Nambiar, Akhilesh Mathwale, Akshay Kumar, Dr. Shijo Zacharia
15.	Author's affiliations	India Meteorological Department
16.	Originating Division/Group	E-Lab, Surface Instrument Division, Office of the Head, Climate Research & Services, India Meteorological Department, Pune
17.	Reviewing and Approving Authority	Head, Climate Research & Services, India Meteorological Department, Pune
18.	End users	Airport Meteorological Officers and Staff.
19.	Abstract	Given in a separate sheet (Page No.5)
20.	Key Words	Landmark, Azimuth, Distance, QR Code, PDF Download

## Abstract

India Meteorological Department (IMD) is the national agency which is responsible in all matters related to provision of Meteorological support to aviation in India. A Polar diagram of Visibility landmarks is a mandatory record which is prepared using standard procedures at aerodromes. Visibility Landmarks play an important role at aerodromes, especially during bad weather to estimate the general visibility. These landmarks are plotted on a polar diagram centered around Air Traffic Control Tower. Certain landmarks may become obscured by natural vegetation or man-made structures. Therefore, it is essential to regularly update and plot these landmarks. However, manually completing these tasks can be time-consuming and subjective. To address this issue, a web-based application “**Visibility Landmark Plotter**” is developed in the Electronic-Laboratory, Climate Research Services, IMD, Pune. This report describes the operation of the application and comparison of its output with manually prepared polar diagrams of a few aerodromes. This application allows easy plotting of visibility landmarks, ensuring uniformity in the plotted polar diagram at all airports throughout India.

## 1. Introduction and Purpose

The Visibility Landmark Plotter is developed to automate and standardize the process of plotting of visibility landmarks at airports, addressing the challenges of manual updates and subjective assessments. Visibility landmarks are crucial for determining general visibility, especially in adverse weather conditions. At airports, these landmarks are represented on a polar diagram centred on the Air Traffic Control (ATC) Tower, which can become obstructed by new structures or vegetation over time. This web-based application offers a streamlined and objective approach to plot these landmarks. It ensures consistency and accuracy in visibility assessments among all Indian airports.

The tool is designed to meet the specific needs of airport by configuring various parameters such as runway orientation, azimuth, distance, and geographical coordinates. This customised software module enables the generation of precise and tailored diagrams for different operational environments. Users can select between short-range and long-range visibility landmarks, covering different radii from the ATC Tower. Additionally, the application provides options to adjust marker and font sizes, enhancing readability and usability. By leveraging this application, it is ensured that visibility landmark diagrams are consistently updated and uniformly presented, ultimately improving the reliability of visibility assessments.

## 2. Description of the Software

The **Visibility Landmark Plotter** is designed to be highly customizable, catering to the specific needs of officials in the Met Briefing Room at various airports. Users input parameters such as runway orientation, azimuth, distance, latitude, longitude, and more, allowing for precise plotting of diagrams tailored to the operational environment. By incorporating user-defined data, the plotter ensures that the generated diagrams accurately reflect the landmarks pertinent to the aerodrome under observation.

## 3. Procedure

The parameters to be fed to the software module are as follows (as shown in Figure. 1)

- a) **ICAO:** The unique ICAO code by which the airport is identified.
- b) **ATC Latitude:** The latitude coordinates of the location of the ATC tower.
- c) **ATC Longitude:** The longitude coordinates of the location of the ATC tower.
- d) **Plot Type:** This parameter has two options- **“Short” and “Long”**
  - i. Short Plot type refers to Short Range Visibility Landmarks, i.e. Landmarks which fall under the radius of 2000m from the ATC tower.
  - ii. Long Plot type refers to Long Range Visibility Landmarks, i.e. Landmarks which fall under the radius of 10000m from the ATC tower.
- e) **Circle Size:** This is the size of the marker from which the specific landmarks are identified. The default value is 10.
- f) **Font Size:** This is the font-size of the landmark numbers. The default size is 10.

- g) User also has to input other parameters like Landmark names, Azimuth, Distance, and Visible on day and /or night.
- h) Once the user successfully fills all the input parameters, user has to click the submit button.
- i) A table containing the filled data will get displayed, user can verify the details entered, or if required, correct it, and resubmit the entries. After final verification, user can proceed to generate the plot by marking the check box regarding authenticity of the data and then clicking the “GENERATE” button.
- j) After clicking GENERATE button, the plot will get generated in a new tab. If still any corrections in the data is required, user can go back to “Landmark Entry” tab, and follow the previous steps.
- k) If plot generated is satisfactory then, user can click the “Generate PDF”. A pdf of the plot would get auto-downloaded, and a copy of the same would get automatically stored in the Centralized server.

#### 4. Types of Plots

There are two types of Visibility Landmark plots.

- a) Long Range- Beyond 2000m radius from the ATC tower. (refer Figure 2)
- b) Short Range- Up to 2000m radius from the ATC tower. (refer Figure 3)

#### 5. Features

- a) Airports with more than one runway can also benefit by the Visibility Landmark Plotter, using the **Add Runway** option.
- b) Multiple landmarks can be added, which accept parameters like Azimuth, Distance, Longitude, and Latitude.
- c) Landmarks visible during Day & Night, only during Day and only during Night can be differentiated.
  - i. Blue color marker for Day and Night Visible Landmarks.
  - ii. Red color marker for only Day Visible Landmarks.
  - iii. Black color marker for only Night Visible Landmarks.
- d) The form can be edited multiple times even after pressing the **Submit** button. The plot will be generated only after pressing the **Generate** button. The user can verify the details by viewing the table generated below after submitting the form.
- e) After the generation of the plot, if **Generate PDF** button is clicked, a confirmation dialogbox will get displayed, and then a pdf will get downloaded and a copy of the same pdf will get stored in the centralized server.
- f) Multiple users can use the website at the same time without any interference.
- g) The date of generation of the plot is specified. It helps in the timely update and creation of new plots as and when required.

## 6. Security

- a) The authenticity of the data can be assured using the **QR code in the generated plot**. This ensures that the plot data can be secured from any manipulations at a later stage.
- b) **A copy of the generated plot will be permanently stored in the centralized server.**
- c) **The generated PDF will be approved by the designated authority.**
- d) The Visitor Count functionality helps to keep a track on the number of users accessing the portal for the generation of the Landmark Plot.

## 7. Web Hosting

**This web-based application requires hosting on a web server** to ensure accessibility over the internet. It allows users to access its features and data remotely. This is a light weight software module, it can be deployed with basic hardware requirements

## 8. Comparisons / Case Studies

The existing plots and the plots generated using the Visibility Landmark Plotter for AMS Kadapa and AMS Mana are shown in Figure 4 to Figure 9 for reference. It is found that the patterns of the existing plots of each station is different and non-uniform.

## 9. Advantages

- a) The Visibility Landmark Plotter helps in generation of the Landmark Plots with better accuracy and helps in eliminating manual errors.
- b) It helps in the virtual storage of the plot since it generates a pdf of the plot- at both client and server end, which can be stored for future reference.
- c) The Long-Range and Short-Range Plot features help the user to generate the plot in a customized way.

## 10. Conclusion

The development of the Visibility Landmark Plotter marks a significant advancement in automating the process of updating and plotting visibility landmarks. This tool will ensure a higher level of precision and uniformity of Visibility Landmark Plots across all airports in India. The application minimizes human error and the subjectivity that often accompanies the manual plotting, providing a reliable and consistent method for landmark visualization. The ability to store generated plots in PDF format, at both client and server end, facilitates easy retrieval and archival for future use. Additionally, the option to create either short-range or long-range visibility diagrams offers flexibility, allowing users to tailor the outputs to their specific needs. Overall, this web-based tool significantly streamlines the plotting process, enhancing the accuracy and efficiency of visibility assessments at airports.

## 12. References

Standard Operational Procedure for Aviation Meteorology-[https://mausam.imd.gov.in/imd\\_latest/contents/pdf/aviation\\_sop.pdf](https://mausam.imd.gov.in/imd_latest/contents/pdf/aviation_sop.pdf)



## VISIBILITY LANDMARK PLOTTER

INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT  
MINISTRY OF EARTH SCIENCES  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

ICAO: 
ATC Latitude: 
ATC Longitude: 
Plot Type: 
Circle Size: 
Font Size:

1)

Runway Number:

Runway End1 Azimuth:

Runway End1 Distance:

Runway End2 Azimuth:

Runway End2 Distance:

ADD RUNWAY
DELETE RUNWAY

1)	LandMark:	Super Speciality Block Safa	Direction:	SSW	Azimuth(Deg.):	200.7	Distance(metres):	2111	Visible during:	Day and Night
2)	LandMark:	ITC Maurya Hotel	Direction:	WNW	Azimuth(Deg.):	293.7	Distance(metres):	3704	Visible during:	Day and Night
3)	LandMark:	NCRTC Site Jangpura (build	Direction:	E	Azimuth(Deg.):	100.7	Distance(metres):	4137	Visible during:	Day
4)	LandMark:	International Trade Tower Ne	Direction:	SE	Azimuth(Deg.):	133.6	Distance(metres):	5285	Visible during:	Day and Night

ADD LANDMARK
DELETE LANDMARK

SUBMIT

Visitor Count: 000043

Figure.1 User input form which contains the entries to be filled by the user.

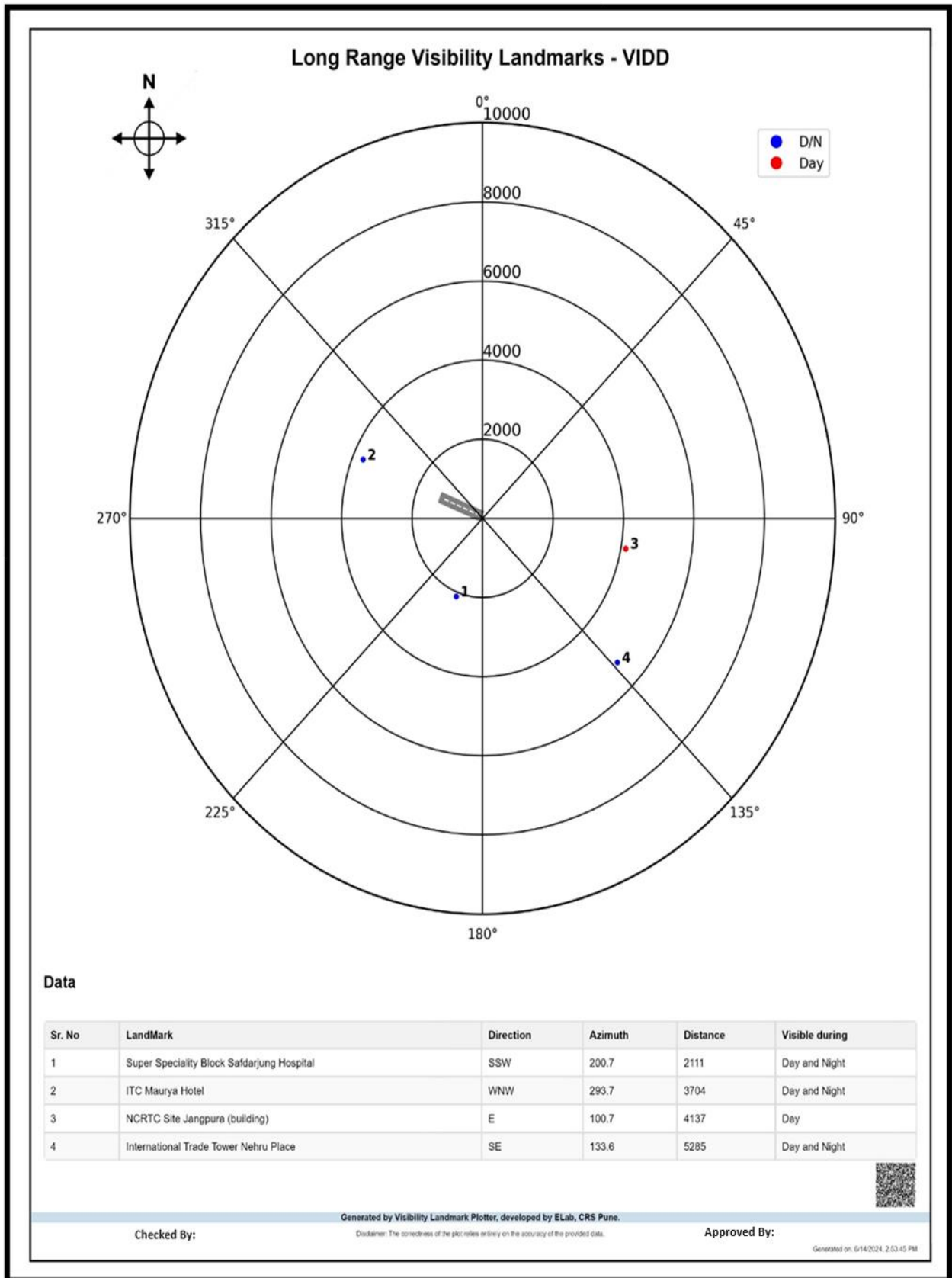


Figure. 2 Visibility Landmark Plot for Long Range generated from data filled in form in Figure.1

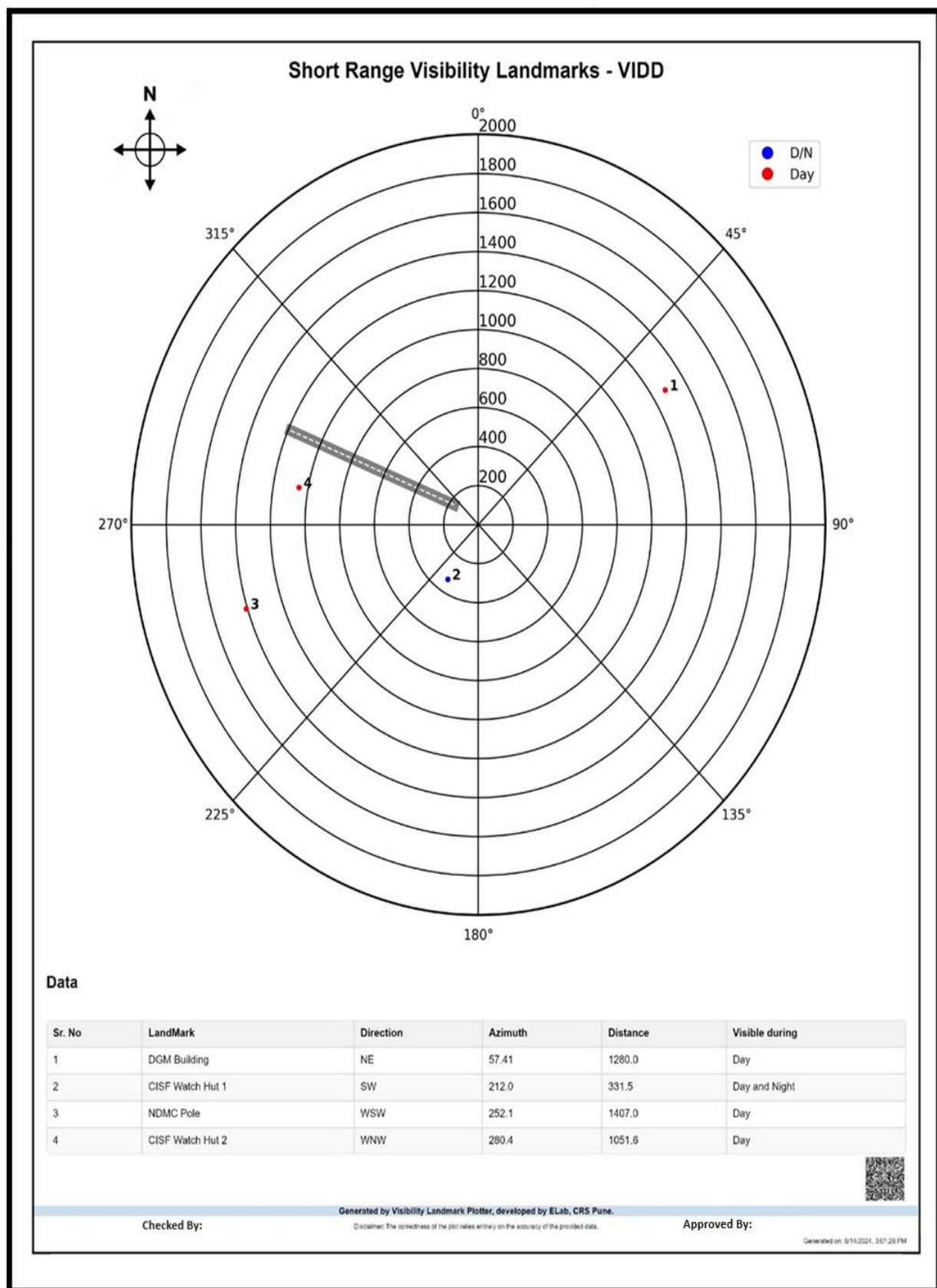


Figure. 3 Visibility Landmark Plot for Short Range generated from data filled in form in Figure. 1

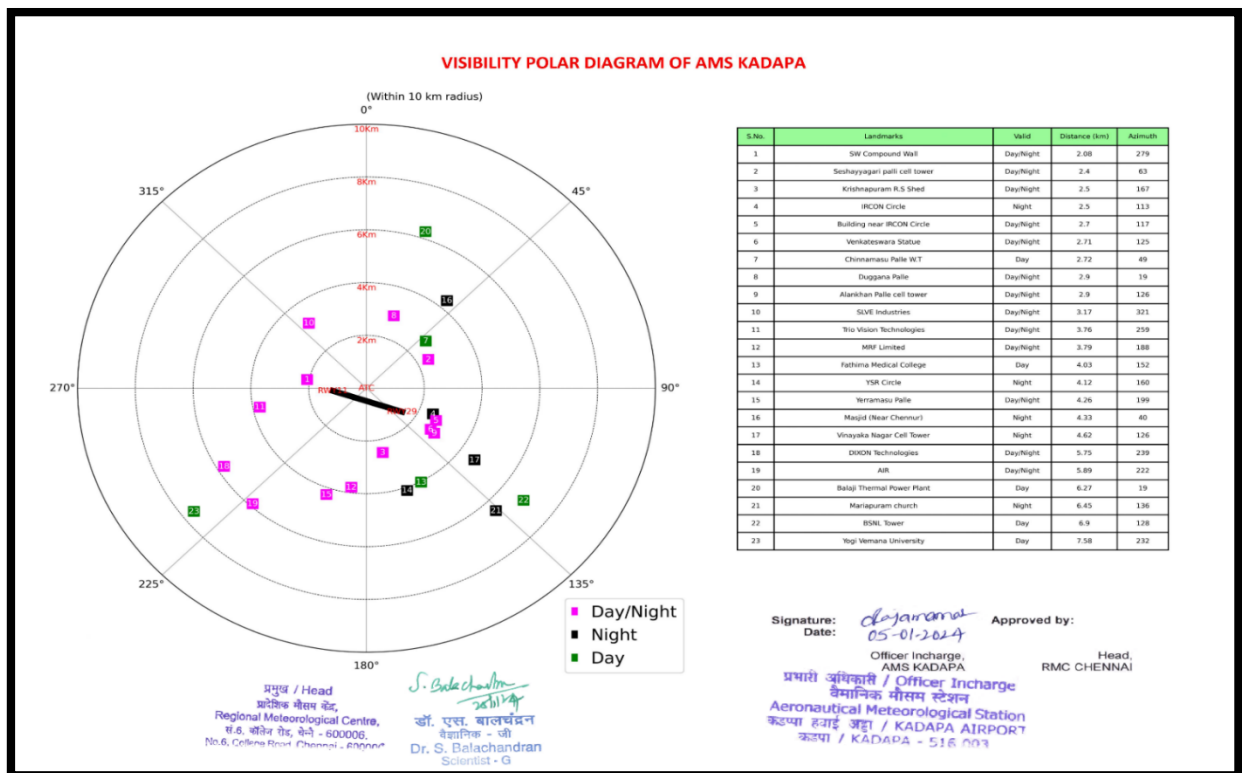


Figure. 4 Long Range Visibility Landmarks Polar Plot of AMS Kadapa (Existing Approved Plot)

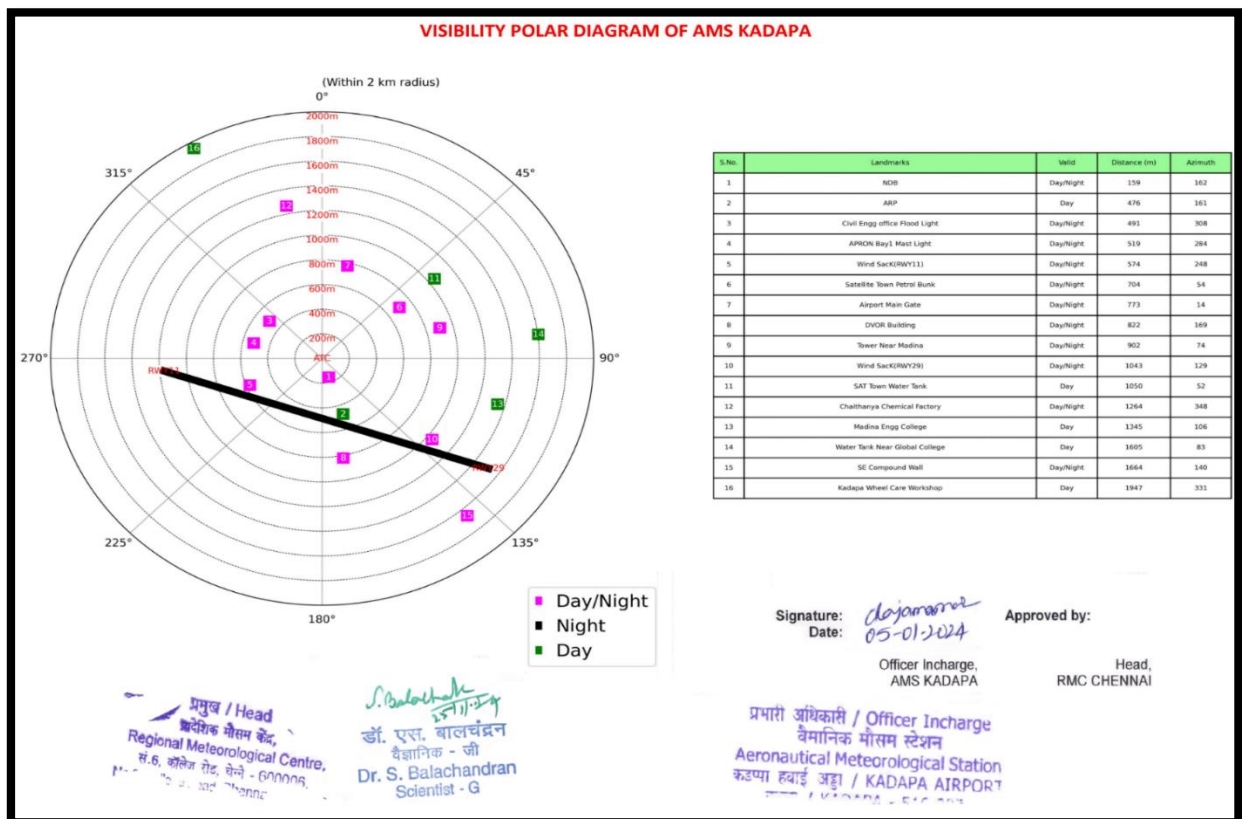


Figure. 5 Short Range Visibility Landmarks Polar Plot of AMS Kadapa (Existing Approved Plot)

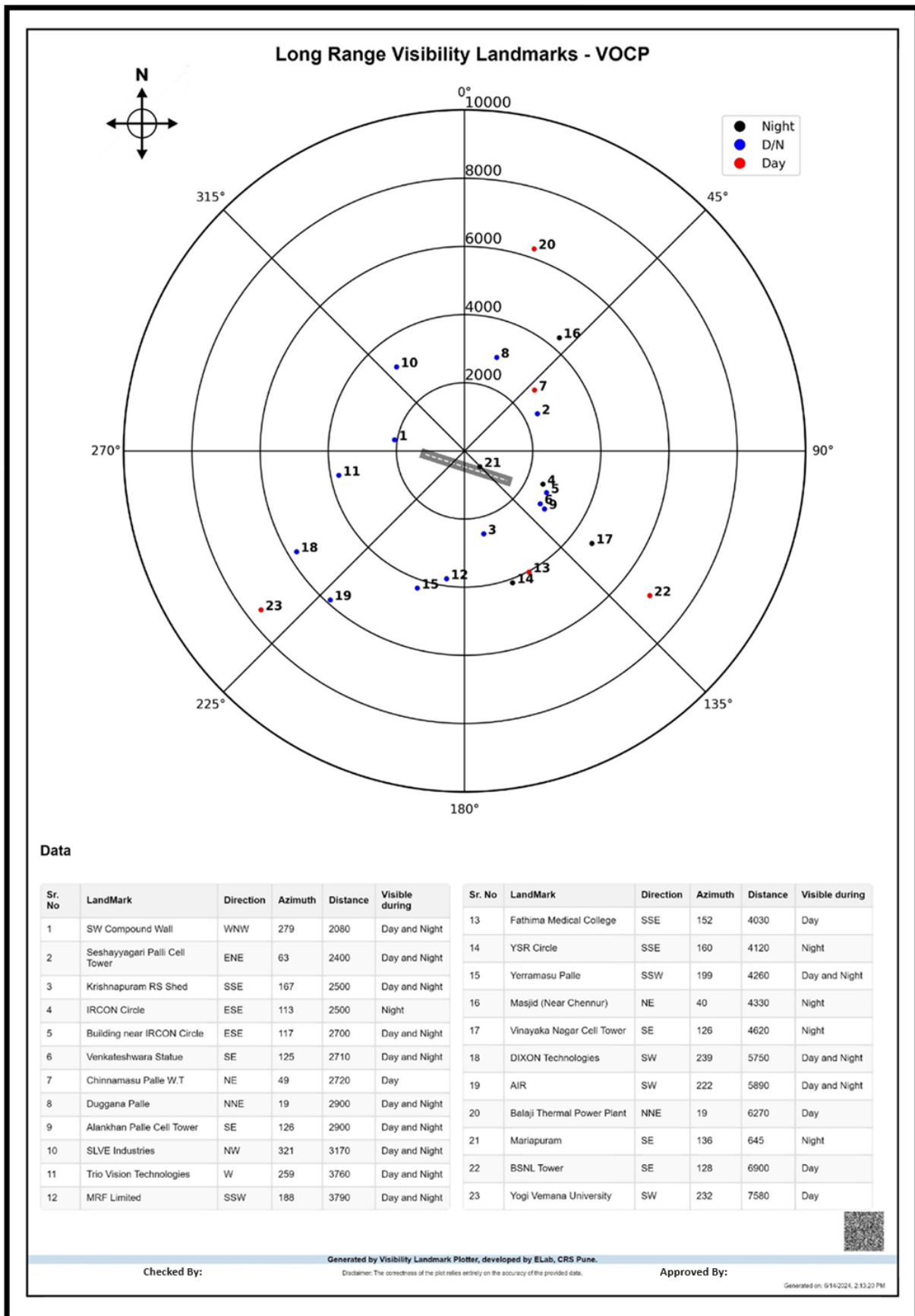


Figure. 6 Long Range plot generated using **Visibility Landmark Plotter Software Module** for AMS Kadapa.



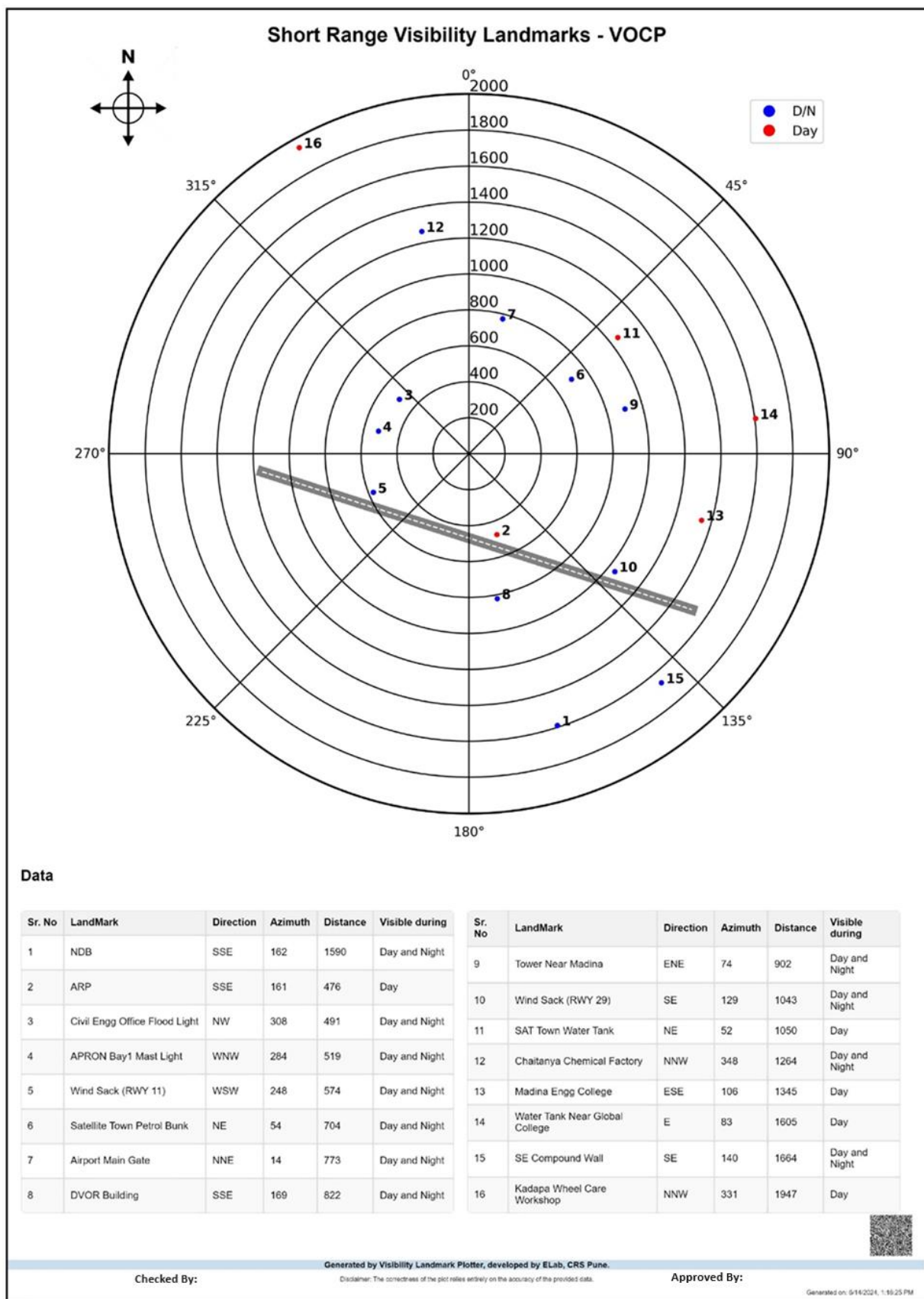


Figure. 7 Short Range plot generated using **Visibility Landmark Plotter Software Module** for AMS Kadapa

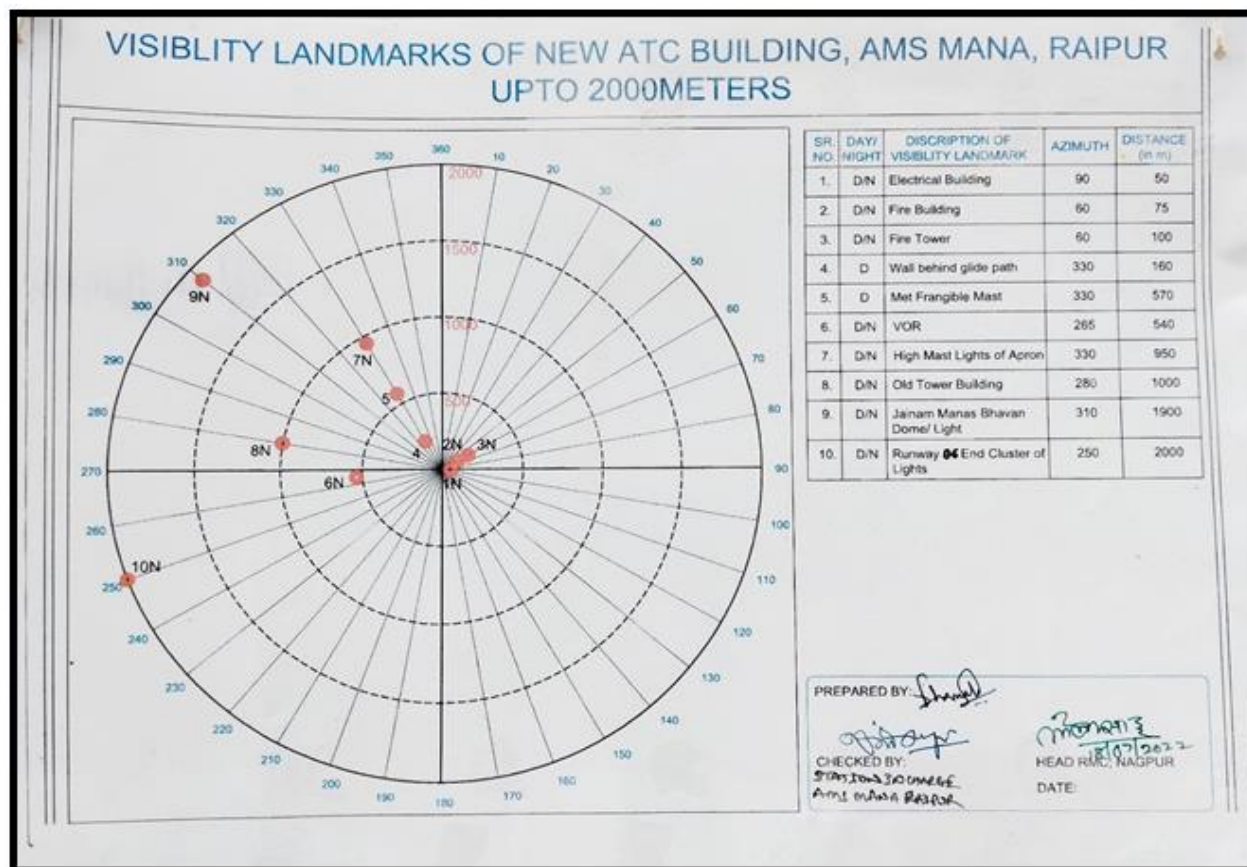


Figure. 8 **Short Range** Visibility Landmarks Polar Plot of AMS Mana, Raipur (Existing Approved Plot)

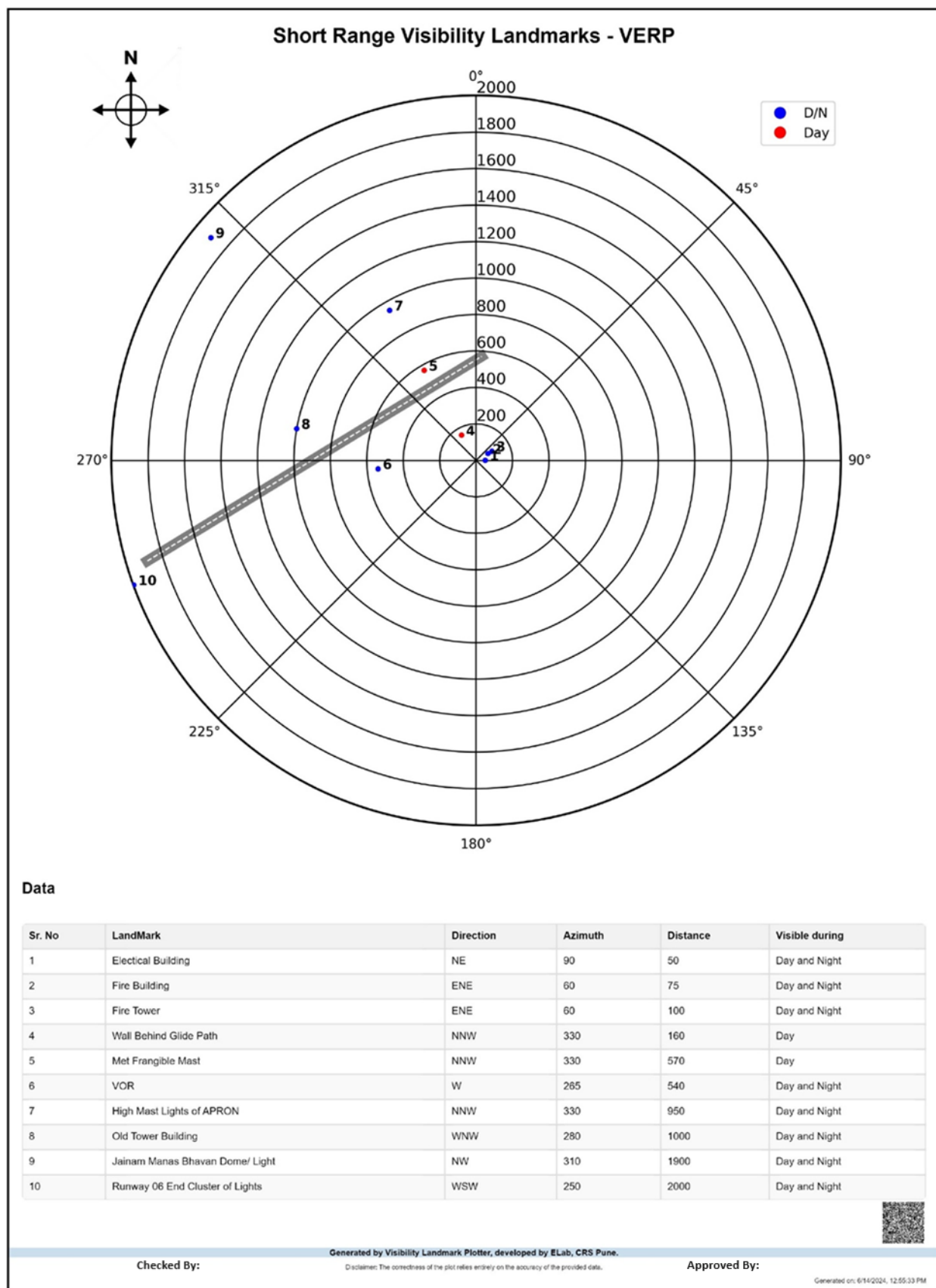


Figure. 9 Short Range plot generated using **Visibility Landmark Plotter Software Module** for AMS Mana Raipur